SPLIT ROCK LIGHTHOUSE STATE PARK

VISITOR FAVORITES

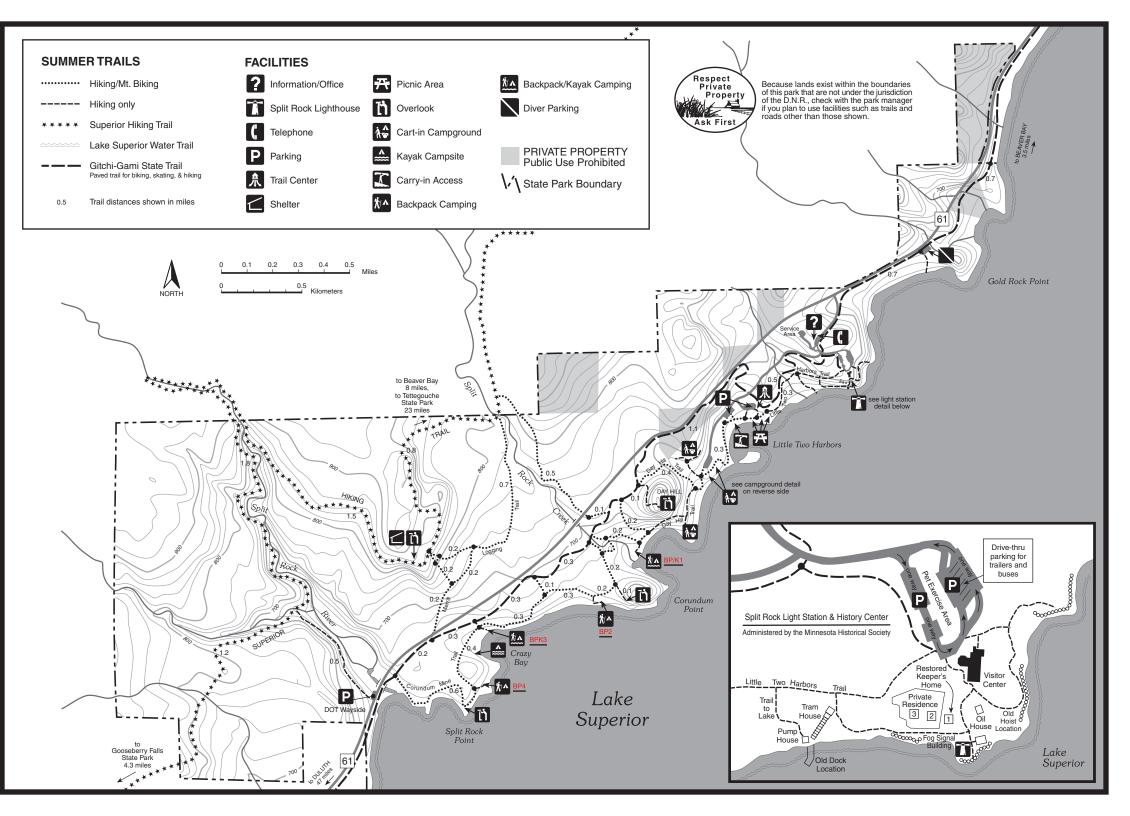
- Touring the historic Split Rock Lighthouse & History Center.
- Skipping stones at Pebble Beach and the mouth of the Split Rock River.
- Walking the trails along the steep cliffs of Lake Superior.
- Split Rock Lighthouse State Park offers hiking trails, cross-country ski trails, stream and lake fishing, picnicking, camping and kayak access to Lake Superior.
- Split Rock River waterfalls along the Superior Hiking Trail.
- The Gitchi-Gami State Trail is under construction on the North Shore. The longest completed segment (13.2 miles) passes through Split Rock Lighthouse State Park.

LOOKING FOR MORE INFORMATION ?

The DNR has mapped the state showing federal, state and county lands with their recreational facilities. Public Recreation Information Maps (PRIM) are available for purchase from the DNR gift shop, DNR regional offices, Minnesota state parks and major sporting and map stores.

porting and map stores. Check it out - you'll be glad you did.







SPLIT ROCK LIGHTHOUSE STATE PARK

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Split Rock Lighthouse State Park 3755 Split Rock Lighthouse Road Two Harbors, MN 55616 (218) 226-6377

Department of Natural Resources Information Center 500 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155-4040

(651) 296-6157 (Metro Area) 1-888-646-6367 (MN Toll Free)

TDD (Telecommunications Device for Deaf) (651) 296-5484 (Metro Area) 1-800-657-3929 (MN Toll Free)

DNR Web Site: www.dnr.state.mn.us

FOR HISTORIC SITE INFORMATION OR GROUP TOUR RESERVATION: Minnesota Historical Society 2712 Split Book Lichthouse Bood

3713 Split Rock Lighthouse Road Two Harbors, MN 55616 (218) 226-6372

www.mnhs.org/splitrock

SPLIT ROCK LIGHTHOUSE STATE PARK is located about 20 miles north of Two Harbors, Minnesota on MN Highway 61. Highway map index number is O-9.

The Minnesota Historical Society administers the 25-acre Split Rock Lighthouse Historic Site and Visitor Center adjacent to the site. Today, restored to its pre-1924 appearance, Split Rock Light Station offers visitors a glimpse of lighthouse duty in the years when the isolated station could be reached only by water. The Visitor Center houses a 90-seat theatre which features the 22 minute film, "SPLIT ROCK LIGHT: Tribute to the Age of Steel", commercial fishing and North Shore tourism, and a museum shop. Summer visitors to the historic site may also tour the lighthouse, fog-signal building and the restored keeper's dwelling (10:00 A.M. - 6:00 P.M., May 15 - October 15). From October 16 through May 14 typically only the Visitor Center is open (11 A.M. - 4:00 P.M., Thursdays thru Mondays; however, the grounds are open daily until dusk.

Facilities available within the park boundaries of 2200 acres include: 14.5 miles of biking, hiking and cross-country skiing trails, a paved segment of the nonmotorized Gitchi-Gami State Trail, a lakeshore picnic area with well-spaced, private picnic sites, a year-round trail center/picnic shelter building, an open picnic shelter and a unique cart-in campground where campers park their vehicles in the campground parking lot, load their gear into lightweight carts (carts are included with campsite rental), then wheel their gear on gravel trails to well spaced, secluded campsites. A modern sanitation building with showers is located in the campground.

WILDLIFE: Although the wildlife at Split Rock has not been inventoried, it is suspected that the species are similar to that of nearby Gooseberry Falls State Park. This would indicate a variety of small songbirds, herring gulls and common loons. The once threatened peregrine falcon nests on cliffs along the lake. Other wildlife includes the white-tailed deer, moose, black bear, raccoon, and snowshoe hare. A beaver colony can be found on the Split Rock River.

GEOLOGY: The geologic history of this area tells a story that is more than a billion years old. Ancient lava flows today are evident in the many falls and rapids along the North Shore. Below, molten rock cooled more slowly to form gabbro, a harder, more resistant, rock. Intrusions of molten material into this large mass formed pockets of other types of rock and minerals. Pushed up through the earth's crust, today, large masses of gabbro make up the bold and rocky character of this region. At Split Rock, the lighthouse cliff is a fine-grained gabbro which is capped by a light green rock called anorthosite.

In more recent times, glaciers passed through the area erasing much of the earth's geologic record as it scoured out the basin of Lake Superior and shaped the rock that lay underneath. Meltwater wore away less resistant rock leaving behind a barren and rugged landscape.

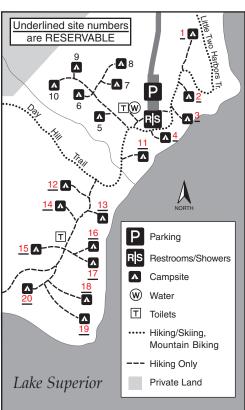
HISTORY: Due to a storm in 1905 which wrecked six ships within a dozen miles of the Split Rock River, the federal government contracted to have Split Rock Light Station built in 1909. With its fog signal building and lighthouse, the keepers at Split Rock warned ships away from the rocky and treacherous North Shore. Commissioned in 1910 and decommissioned by the Coast Guard in 1969 because of improvements in shipboard technology, the Split Rock light shone for 59 years over western Lake Superior. In 1971 the federal government deeded the light station to the state of Minnesota to be operated as a public historic site. In 1976 the Minnesota Historical Society assumed operation of the site.

The first white people to live in the Split Rock area were commercial fishermen who lived in a small fishing village called Little Two Harbors, located in the cove near the island one-half mile west of the lighthouse. These fishermen, predominantly Norwegians, fished for herring from the turn of the century until the 1920s.

Major logging operations were conducted at the mouth of the Split Rock River by the Merrill and Ring Company from 1899-1906. The forest then was predominantly red and white pine. Fires swept through the area after it had been logged out and today birch mixed with some spruce, fir, ash, upland and lowland brush and marsh have replaced the stately pines.

SO EVERYONE CAN ENJOY THE PARK ...

- The park belongs to all Minnesotans. Please treat it with respect and help us to protect it by following the rules.
- The park is open year-round. On a daily basis, the park is closed from 10:00 P.M. to 8:00 A.M. the following morning except to registered campers.
- Camp only in designated locations.
- The use of firearms, explosives, air guns, slingshots, traps, seines, nets, bows and arrows, paintballs, and all other weapons is prohibited in state parks.
- Pets must be restrained on a leash no longer than six feet. Pets are not allowed in park buildings.
- Park in designated areas only.
- Motor bikes and other licensed vehicles are allowed only on park roads, not on trails.
- Enjoy park wildlife and plants but please respect them. Do not pick or dig up plants, disturb or feed animals, scavenge dead wood, or remove rocks from the lake.
- Daily or annual permits are required for all vehicles entering a state park. They may be purchased at the park headquarters or the Information Center in St. Paul (see *"FOR MORE INFORMATION"* to left).



CART-IN CAMPGROUND

Cart-in sites are 1-4 blocks from parking lot. (*Backpack sites are shown on opposite side map.*)

• Build fires only in designated locations —fire rings or fireplaces. Wood is available for purchase from park staff. Portable stoves or grills are permitted.

This information is available in alternative format upon request.

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DNR Maps

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