



**STREETS:**

A	Abas Emin.....	D3-E2
A	Alexandar Gusto.....	E3
A	Anastasija Uzunova.....	E2
A	Andon Dukov.....	C4
A	Andrea Jovanoski.....	H2
A	Argir Marinov.....	D4
A	ASNOM.....	F6-G5
A	Arif Mustafa.....	C2-C3
B	Bekir Ali Riza.....	E3
B	Braka Miladinovci.....	D4-D5
B	Bistrica.....	B3
B	Bogomilska.....	E3-E4
B	Boro Sain.....	C4
B	Branko Sotir.....	D4
B	Budva.....	E1
B	Bulevar Makedonski Posvetiteli.....	D5-D4
B	Bulevar Turisticka.....	A1-G5
C	Car Samoil.....	C5-D5
D	Dame Grujev.....	E4-F4
D	Debarca.....	G3
D	Dejan Vojvoda.....	D2-D3
D	Dimce Malenko.....	D4
D	Dimitar Vlahov.....	D4-F4
1	1 Maj.....	G3
8	8 Mart.....	D1-D2
8	8 Septemvri.....	F5-G4
11	11 Oktomvri.....	D4
G	Galicica.....	F4-G5
G	Gjorce Petrov.....	F3
G	Gjorgi Gjorgjeski.....	C3
G	Goce Delcev.....	A2-D4
G	Grigor Prlicev.....	C4
H	Hristo Uzunov.....	C4
H	Hadzi Mustafa.....	B2-B3
I	Ilija Dutanoski.....	C3
I	Ivindenska.....	C4-C5
I	Irina Ginova Mirka.....	H1
J	Jablanica.....	D2
J	Jane Sandanski.....	E5-G4
K	Kararoman.....	F4-E5
K	Karpos Vojvoda.....	F4-G4
K	Kej Marsal Tito.....	D5-F6
K	Kiril i Metodij.....	C4
K	Klenoc.....	F1-F2
K	Klimentov Univerzitet.....	C4-D4
K	Koco Milenko.....	H1-H2
K	Koco Racin.....	C5
K	Kosta Abras.....	C5-D5
K	Kralj Marko.....	D2-E2
K	Krste Misirkov.....	F3
K	Krum Tockov.....	C3
K	Kuzman Kapidan.....	C4-C5
K	Kuzman Josifovski.....	E4-E5
K	Kuzman Sapkarev.....	F3
L	Lazo Trposki.....	F5-G4
M	Marko Cepenkov.....	G3-G4
M	Marko Nestorovski.....	F3
M	Mahmud Rifat.....	B3
M	Metodi Paticev.....	D5
M	Mico Gile.....	A2
M	Mirce Acev.....	F5-G4
M	Mite Bogoski.....	E4
M	Momcilo Jordanoski.....	H3-H4
N	Nada Fileva.....	D4
N	Naum Ohridski.....	G6
N	Nikola Karev.....	F5
N	Nikola Petrov Rusinski.....	B2
O	Ohridska Arhiepiskopija.....	D4
O	Ohridska Brigada.....	E2-E3
P	Partizanska.....	D4-F6
P	Pere Toshev.....	C3
P	Petar Caille.....	D4
P	Petar Pop Arsov.....	C3
P	Petnaesetti Korpus.....	G1
P	Pitu Guli.....	F2-G4
P	Pirin Planina.....	C3-D4
P	Prilepska.....	E1
P	Prva Makedonska Udana Brigada.....	G3-H2
R	Rasanev.....	D5
R	Raspake.....	A1
R	Risto Cado.....	G2-H2
R	Rume Naumoski.....	H2
S	Sar Planina.....	B3
S	Sateska.....	A2
S	Sedmi Noemvri.....	E3-F2
S	Serafim Kitanoski.....	E5
S	Sima Vojvoda.....	G4
S	Slavje Planina.....	F5
S	Spas Bandzov.....	E5
S	Sprnicka.....	G1
S	Stiv Naumov.....	C1-C2
S	Staso Pindzur.....	E5
S	Sv. Kliment Ohridski.....	D4-D5
T	Tetovska.....	E2
T	Trajce Dujcovski.....	G3
T	Trajce Trajcoski.....	A2
V	Vanco Nikoleski.....	E5
V	Vanco Pitoseski.....	F4-G5
V	Vangel Nikoleski.....	G3
V	Vardar.....	C3
V	Vasil Glevinov.....	F3
V	Vasil Stefoski.....	A3-B3
V	Vele Marko.....	G1
V	Vinkovacka.....	E1
V	Vojdan Cernodinski.....	E5
Z	Zeleznicka.....	A1-G2
Z	Zvko Cingo.....	G2-H1

**FACTS**

**population:** 56 000 inhabitants  
**surface:** 203 km<sup>2</sup> continental, 256 inhabitation per km<sup>2</sup>

**location:** southwest part of Macedonia, located on the northeast coast of Lake Ohrid

**altitude:** 695m, Latitude 41° 07', Longitude 20° 48'

**Lake Ohrid:** age - 3,5 - 4 mill.years, max depth - 286 m, mean depth - 151m, area - 358 km<sup>2</sup>, altitude - 695 m, max length - 31km, max width - 15 km, max.summer temp: 24 - 25°C, visibility: 22 m

**climate:** micro climate (local climate), modified mediterranean (maritime) - temperate continental (because of the high mountains - 2000m and altitude - 695m there is also mountain climate), distance from Adriatic Sea: 110 km,

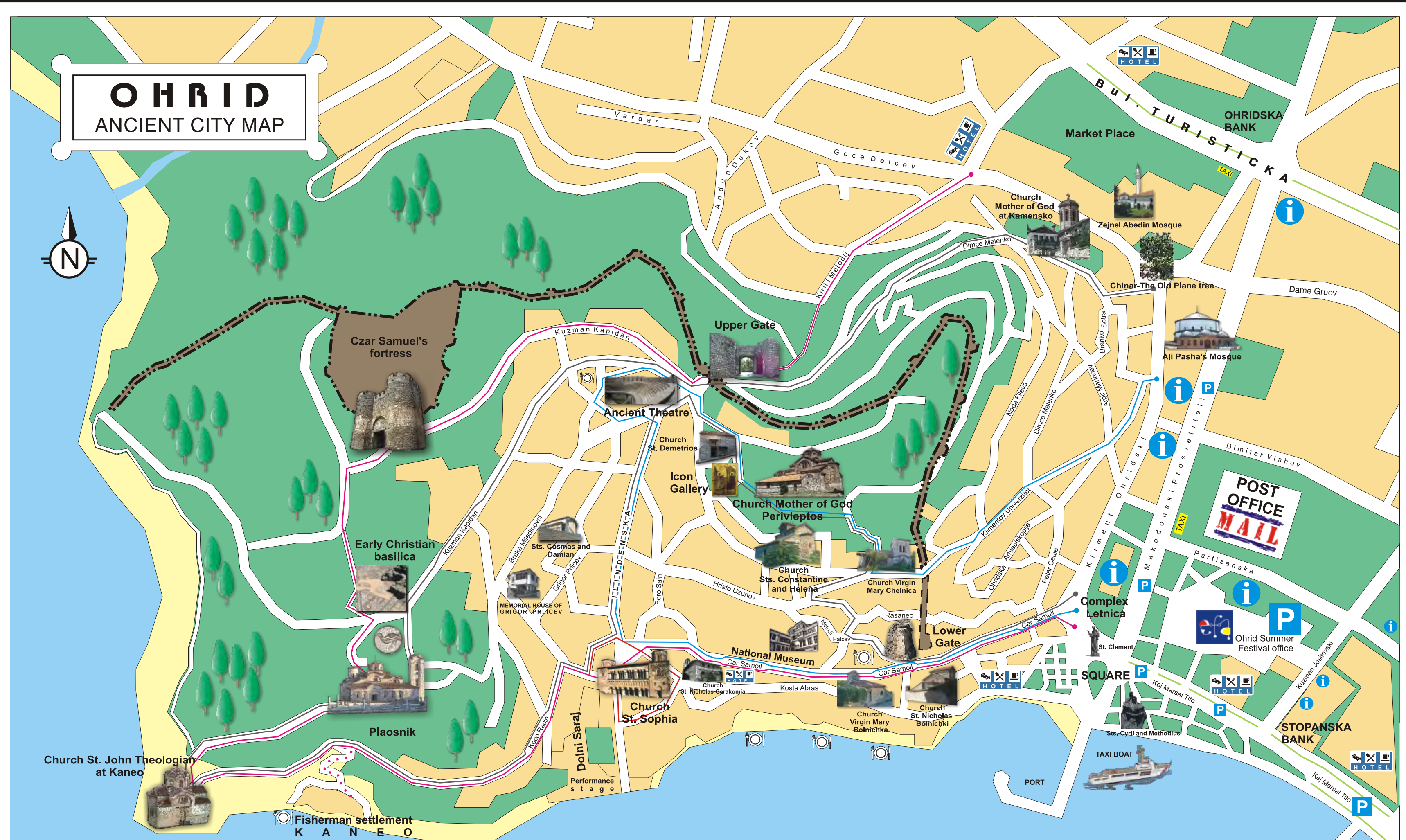
**annual average air temp:** 11°C,  
**winter average air temp:** 2,7°C,  
**summer average air temp:** 19,6°C,  
**absolute maximum:** 35,5°C in July,  
**insolation (sunny hours):** 2300 h per year.

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








- CULTURAL Objects & TRAVELLERS' NEEDS**
1. Czar Samuel's Fortress ...C4
  2. Ancient Theatre ...C4
  3. Early Christian basilica ...C4
  4. Ploshnik ...C5
  5. Upper Gate ...C4
  6. Church St. John Theologian at Kaneo ...B5
  7. Church St. Sophia ...C5
  8. Church St. Nicholas Gerakomia ...C5
  9. Church St. Demetrios ...C4
  10. Church Mother of God Perivleptos ...C4
  11. Icon Gallery ...C4
  12. Church Sts. Constantine and Helena ...D4
  13. Dolni Saraj ...C5
  14. Church Virgin Mary Chelnica ...D4
  15. National Museum ...D5
  16. Lower Gate ...D5
  17. Church Virgin Mary Bolnichka ...D5
  18. Church St. Nicholas Bolnichki ...D5
  19. Chinar - The Old Plane tree ...D4
  20. City Library ...D5
  21. Ohrid Summer Festival office ...D5
  22. Cultural Centre ...D5
  23. Ali Pasha's Mosque ...D4
  24. Post Office & Telecommunications ...D4
  25. Complex Letnica ...D4
  26. Hotel Riviera ...D5
  27. Hotel Palace ...E5
  28. Stopanska Bank ...E5
  29. Ambulance ...E4
  30. Catholic Church ...E5
  31. Commercial Bank ...E5
  32. Market Place ...D4
  33. Ohridska Bank ...D3
  34. Police station, Fire Dpt. (phone: 192 and 193) ...D3
  35. Hotel Millennium Palace ...F6
  36. Hotel Lebed ...F6
  37. Hospital (phone: 194) ...G4
  38. Stadium ...F6
  39. Sports Hall ...G6
  40. Swimming Pool ...G6
  41. Hotel Cingo ...D3
  42. Hotel Donco ...C3
  43. Tutunska Bank ...D4
  44. Makedonska Bank ...D4
  45. Intercity Bus Station ...F2
  46. Taxi boat ...D5
  47. Petrol ...G6, G2, A1, F2, B2
  48. City Hall ...E4
  49. Hotel Vila Sv. Sofija ...C5
  50. Haji Turgut Mosque ...E3
  51. Zeynel Abedin Mosque ...D4
  52. Hydrobiological Institute ...F7-G7
  53. Faculty for tourism ...F6
  54. Hotel Denarius ...E6
  55. Hotel Tino ...E5
  56. Hotel Royal ...E5
  57. Hotel Alexandria ...D5
  58. Hotel Lovce ...E1
  59. Sailing Club Amac SP - Bofor ...E6
  60. Hertz ...E5
  61. Hotel Mizo ...B3
  62. Hotel Ciko Bejpunar ...G5
  63. Hotel Amsterdam ...B2
  64. Hotel Makedonin ...D3
  65. Hotel Sun Gate ...B1
  66. Hotel Kocarev ...A1

For all local information please call Tourist Information Bureau, tel.:(+389 46) 230 455; or visit: [www.ohrid.gov.mk](http://www.ohrid.gov.mk)  
 For all local telephone information please call: (+389 46) 188

# OHRID ANCIENT CITY MAP



## POINTS OF INTEREST:

-  **The Samuel's Fortress (X century)**  
The Ohrid Fortress is one of the largest mediaeval fortifications to be preserved in the Republic of Macedonia. With its massive walls and ramparts, it occupies the entire summit of the hill of Ohrid.
-  **The Ancient Theatre**  
The Ancient Theatre was built about 2000 years ago either in the Late Hellenistic period or shortly after the Roman conquest of Lychnidos.
-  **The Early Christian Episcopal Church (V century)**  
In the hilly part of Ohrid, near the site known as Plaosnik, there is a remains of the monumental Early Christian church. The presence of such splendour point to this has been the seat of the Bishopric of Lychnidos (today's Ohrid).
-  **Sts. Kliment and Pantelejmon at Plaosnik (IX-XX century)**  
In the vicinity of the early Christian Episcopal basilica at Plaosnik is the church of Sts. Kliment and Pantelejmon where by the end of IX and beginning of X century the Slavic literacy, spirituality and culture were founded. Ohrid was a center of Slavic literacy, spirituality and culture.
-  **St. Sofia (XI - XIV century)**  
It was the cathedral church of the Archbishopric of Ohrid, which belongs to the best achievements of mediaeval art in the period of the Macedonian dynasty in Byzantium.
-  **St. Bogorodica Perivlepta (XIII century), (1295)**  
The paintings in the church of the Holy Mother of God Perivleptos mark a new chapter in mediaeval fresco paintings which came to be known as the Palaeolog Renaissance.
-  **St. Jovan Kaneo (XIII century)**  
The church stands on one of the finest spots on the lake shore on a high cliff overlooking the one - time fishing settlements.
-  **Monastery of St. Naum**  
Built in the form of a triple conch, a trefoil chap, St. Naum's church belongs to the style of the mediaeval architecture, located 30 km south from Ohrid.
-  **Icon Gallery**  
One of the world worth orthodox Icon Gallery. The collection comprises around thirty mediaeval icons worth to be seen.
-  **The National Museum**  
The National Museum's archaeological collection contains artefacts dating from prehistoric times and from the classical and mediaeval periods of Ohrid's history.

## THE CITY OF OHRID

In the heart of the Balkans, at the northern side of the Lake, between the walls of Czar Samuel's fortress, the old part of the city jealously preserves the secrets of many civilizations—the antique theater, the early Christian basilicas, numerous churches built between the 9th and the 14th century, hundreds of square meters fresco paintings, a rich gallery of icons, manuscripts and other rarities. It is said that there used to be 365 churches in Ohrid—one for each day of the year. The fact that Ohrid had been an object of desire for many kings, archbishops, speaks for itself, challenging the curious ones to visit it nowadays. The beautiful architecture of the 19th century in the old part of the city, with its narrow streets creates a sense of unique harmony and beauty. Its beauty and virtuosity attracts the attention not only of tourists, but of many experts as well. One special cultural monument of Ohrid is the Old Bazaar—old shops rich with a variety of crafts products—filigrees, pearl, copper, pipes...

The ancient city of Ohrid dominates on the Macedonian shore of the lake. By its millenary history Ohrid is considered as one of the most ancient towns on the Balkans, a living testimony of the cultural competition of the civilizations and the everlasting marks of their residence in this area.

Within the space of only a few square kilometers, an exquisite museum of classical and middle-aged art has been preserved. Ohrid presents a true archeological treasury.

There are many archeological sites dating from the Neolithic, antique and medieval periods in this region. The oldest recorded mention of the city Lychnidos—the ancient name of Ohrid, occurs in connection to Philip II of Macedonia (353 B.C.). The medieval city of Ohrid has always been a significant cultural and economic center, which encompasses an extraordinary combination of natural beauty and human art.

At the end of the 9th century and the beginning of the 10th century due to the activity of Sts. Kliment and Naum of Ohrid, this town was the oldest cultural temple in the world of the Slavs. There, they created the first Slavic University much earlier than the Bologna University, which was the first source of the Slavic literacy and culture. Towards the end of the 10th century Ohrid became the center of the first medieval state of Macedonian Slavs—under the reign of Samuel's. For a few centuries, it was the seat of the autocephalous Ohrid Archbishopric.


Squeezed in the rocks on the northern side of the Lake, between the walls of Czar Samuel's fortress, the old part of the city jealously preserves the secrets of many civilizations—the antique theater, the early Christian basilicas, numerous churches built between the 9th and the 14th century, hundreds of square meters fresco paintings, a rich gallery of icons, manuscripts and other rarities. It is said that there used to be 365 churches in Ohrid—one for each day of the year. The fact that Ohrid had been an object of desire for many kings, archbishops, speaks for itself, challenging the curious ones to visit it nowadays. The beautiful architecture of the 19th century in the old part of the city, with its narrow streets creates a sense of unique harmony and beauty. Its beauty and virtuosity attracts the attention not only of tourists, but of many experts as well. One special cultural monument of Ohrid is the Old Bazaar—old shops rich with a variety of crafts products—filigrees, pearl, copper, pipes...

The artistic activity in Ohrid is included in the highest achievements of European art in this period. The city and Ohrid Lake, have both, since 1980, been under the protectorate of UNESCO, as having universal cultural, historical and natural values and significance.

The new modern part of the city which, both with the old part, creates a synthesis between the past and the future, is located on the plain near to the lake's shore. The city of central tradition is at the same time a city of modern living. Tourists from all around the world visit it because the moments spent in Ohrid are always transformed into most impressive segment of the short human lifetime.

## LAKE OHRID FAMOUS ENDEMIC TROUTS



-  Walking trails throughout ancient Ohrid with starting/ending points
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